THE EMPLOYMENT RIGHTS (AMENDMENT) ACT 2013

Act No 6 of 2013

I assent

Rajkeswur PURRYAG

6 May 2013

President of the Republic

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Section
1. Short title
2. Interpretation
3. Section 2 of principal Act amended
4. Section 5 of principal Act amended
5. Section 8 of principal Act repealed and replaced
6. Section 9 of principal Act amended
7. Section 14 of principal Act amended
8. New section 14A inserted in principal Act
8A. Section 19 of principal Act amended
9. Section 20 of principal Act amended
10. Section 25 of principal Act amended
10A. Section 26 of principal Act amended
11. Section 27 of principal Act amended
12. Section 28 of principal Act amended
13. Section 30 of principal Act amended
14. Section 31 of principal Act amended
14A. New section 31A inserted in principal Act
15. Part VII of principal Act amended
16. Section 36 of principal Act amended
17. Section 37 of principal Act amended
18. Section 38 of principal Act amended
An Act

To amend the Employment Rights Act

ENACTED by the Parliament of Mauritius, as follows –

PART I – PRELIMINARY

1. **Short title**

   This Act may be cited as the Employment Rights (Amendment) Act 2013.
2. **Interpretation**

In this Act –

“principal Act” means the Employment Rights Act.

3. **Section 2 of principal Act amended**

Section 2 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) in the definition of “employer”, by repealing paragraph (a) and replacing it by the following paragraph –

(a) means a person who employs a worker and is responsible for the payment of remuneration to the worker;

(b) in the definition of “good and sufficient cause”, by adding the following new paragraph –

(c) absence due to participation in a lawful strike;

(c) in the definition of “harassment”, by inserting, after the words “domestic circumstances,”, the word “sex,”;

(d) by deleting the definition of “shift work” and replacing it by the following definition –

“shift work” means work organised in 2 or more shifts in a period of 24 consecutive hours;

(e) in the definition of “worker” –

(i) in paragraph (a), by deleting the words “Industrial and Vocational Training Act” and replacing them by the words “Mauritius Institute of Training and Development Act”;

(ii) in paragraph (c)(ii), by inserting, after the word “VIII,”, the words “VIIIA,”;
(f) by inserting, in the appropriate alphabetical order, the following new definitions—

“night work” means work which is performed, whether in shifts or otherwise, during a period of not less than 7 consecutive hours between 6 p.m and 6 a.m;

“Remuneration Regulations” means any regulations made by the Minister under section 93 of the Employment Relations Act and includes any Remuneration Order, made under the repealed Industrial Relations Act, which is still in operation;

4. **Section 5 of principal Act amended**

Section 5 of the principal Act is amended—

(a) by repealing subsection (3) and replacing it by the following subsection—

(3) Subject to subsections (3A) and (3B), where a worker, other than a migrant worker, has been in the continuous employment of an employer under one or more determinate agreements for more than 24 months, in a position which is of a permanent nature, the agreement shall, with effect from the date of the first agreement, be deemed to be of indeterminate duration.

(b) by inserting, after subsection (3), the following new subsections—

(3A) An employer may enter into an agreement with a worker for a specified period of time—

(a) in respect of a specified piece of work;

(b) in replacement of another worker who is on approved leave or suspended from work;
(c) in respect of work and activity which are of a temporary, seasonal or short-term nature;

(d) for the purposes of providing training to the workforce;

(e) for a specific training contract; or

(f) in accordance with a specific scheme set up by the Government or a statutory corporation.

(3B) An agreement under subsections (3) and (3A) shall be made in writing.

5. **Section 8 of principal Act repealed and replaced**

Section 8 of the principal Act is repealed and replaced by the following section –

8. **Written particulars of work agreement**

(1) Every employer shall provide to every worker engaged for more than 30 consecutive working days a written statement of particulars of employment in the form specified in the Second Schedule, or in such form in French or Creole as may be prescribed, within 14 days of the completion of 30 consecutive working days’ service.

(2) A copy of the statement of particulars shall be submitted to the Permanent Secretary within 30 days after the worker has completed 30 consecutive working days’ service.

6. **Section 9 of principal Act amended**

Section 9 of the principal Act is amended by repealing subsection (2).
7. **Section 14 of principal Act amended**

Section 14 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (5) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(5) (a) A worker shall be entitled to a rest day of at least 24 consecutive hours in every period of 7 consecutive days.

(b) Subject to paragraph (c), the rest day specified in paragraph (a) shall be a Sunday.

(c) Where, by nature of its operational requirements, an employer operates on a 7-day week, the rest day shall, at least twice a month, be a Sunday unless the worker and the employer agree otherwise.

(b) by repealing subsection (8).

8. **New section 14A inserted in principal Act**

The principal Act is amended by inserting, after section 14, the following new section –

**14A. Shift work**

(1) An employer shall not, without a worker’s consent, require the worker on shift work –

(a) to work more than 8 hours in a day;

(b) to perform night work on more than 4 consecutive nights, except in such sector or industry as may be prescribed.

(2) Shift work shall be scheduled on a monthly basis.

(3) The monthly schedule of duty worked out on a roster basis indicating the date and time at which a worker shall attend duty shall be handed over to the worker and posted up in a conspicuous place at the place of work at least one week before the schedule is due to take effect.
(4) Notwithstanding subsection (1), a worker on shift work may work in excess of the stipulated hours, without added remuneration, where—

(a) the worker and the employer agree on the number of hours of work to be performed in the shift; and

(b) the average number of hours of shift work in a fortnight does not exceed 90 hours or such fewer number of hours as may be specified in an agreement.

(5) Every worker shall be paid an allowance of 10 per cent of his basic wage in addition to his normal day’s wage for work performed during night shift.

(6) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where a female worker who may be required to perform night work produces a medical certificate certifying that she is or was pregnant, her employer shall not require her to perform night work during a period of at least 8 weeks before, and after, confinement.

8A. **Section 19 of principal Act amended**

Section 19 of the principal Act is amended by repealing subsection (1) and replacing it by the following subsection—

(1) Notwithstanding any other enactment or Remuneration Regulations, where a worker is required to perform more than 2 hours’ extra work after having completed a normal day’s work, he shall, in addition to any remuneration due for overtime work, be provided by the employer with an adequate free meal or be paid a meal allowance as specified in paragraph (a) of the Third Schedule.

9. **Section 20 of principal Act amended**

Section 20 of the principal Act is amended, in subsections (1) and (2), by deleting the words “the same type of work” and replacing them by the words “work of equal value”.
10. **Section 25 of principal Act amended**

Section 25 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (5) –

(a) by deleting the words “any of the leave” and replacing them by the words “any of the annual leave”;

(b) by inserting, after the words “section 27”, the words “or any other enactment”.

10A. **Section 26 of principal Act amended**

Section 26 of the principal Act is amended by inserting, after subsection (2), the following new subsection –

(2A) Where an employer provides a worker with a means of transport under subsection (1), the employer shall pay to the worker wages at the normal rate in respect of any waiting time exceeding 45 minutes after he has stopped work.

11. **Section 27 of principal Act amended**

Section 27 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by inserting, after subsection (2), the following new subsection –

(2A) Every worker, other than a part-time worker, who remains in continuous employment with the same employer for a period of 6 consecutive months and who has been present on all the working days during that period, shall be entitled during each subsequent month up to the twelfth month, while he remains in continuous employment with the same employer, to one day’s annual leave up to a maximum of 6 days’ annual leave.

(b) in subsection (3), by deleting the following words –

N/W x 20 normal working days, where “N” means the number of days of work he is required to perform in a week and “W” means the number of working days in a week of a comparable full-time worker.

and replacing them by the following words –

N/W x Y, where “N” means the number of days of work he is required to perform in a week, “W” means the number of
working days in a week of a comparable full-time worker and “Y” means the number of days of annual leave to which a worker is entitled under subsection (1) or under any Remuneration Regulations, as the case may be.

(c) in subsection (5), by deleting the word “annual”;

(d) by repealing subsection (7) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(7) This section shall be subject to any collective agreement or award, or any other enactment.

12. Section 28 of principal Act amended

Section 28 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by inserting, after subsection (2), the following new subsection –

(2A) Every worker, other than a part-time worker, who remains in continuous employment with the same employer for a period of 6 consecutive months and who has been present on all the working days during that period shall be entitled, during each subsequent month up to the twelfth month, while he remains in continuous employment with that employer, to one day’s sick leave for each month of service up to a maximum of 6 days’ sick leave.

(b) in subsection (2)(a), by deleting the following words –

N/W x 15 normal working days, where “N” means the number of days of work he is required to perform in a week and “W” means the number of working days in a week of a comparable full-time worker.

and replacing them by the following words –

N/W x Y, where “N” means the number of days of work he is required to perform in a week, “W” means the number of working days in a week of a comparable full-time worker and
“Y” means the number of days of sick leave to which a worker is entitled under subsection (1) or under any Remuneration Regulations, as the case may be.

(c) in subsection (5), by deleting the words “4 days” and replacing them by the words “3 days”.

13. **Section 30 of principal Act amended**

Section 30 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(1) A female worker who remains in continuous employment with the same employer for a period of 12 consecutive months immediately preceding the beginning of leave under this section shall, on production of a medical certificate, be entitled to 12 weeks’ maternity leave on full pay to be taken either –

(a) before confinement, provided that at least 6 weeks’ maternity leave shall be taken immediately following the confinement; or

(b) after confinement.

(b) by inserting, after subsection (1), the following new subsection –

(1A) Notwithstanding any other enactment or Remuneration Regulations and subject to subsection (2), where a female worker, who remains in continuous employment with the same employer for a period of 12 consecutive months, gives birth to a child, she shall, on production of a medical certificate, be paid within 7 days of her confinement an allowance as specified in paragraph (b) of the Third Schedule.

(c) in subsection (7), by deleting the words “or work during night shift”.

186

Acts 2013
14. **Section 31 of principal Act amended**

Section 31 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (1), by deleting the words “remuneration regulations” and replacing them by the words “Remuneration Regulations”.

14A. **New section 31A inserted in principal Act**

The principal Act is amended by inserting, after section 31, the following new section –

**31A. End of year bonus**

(1) Where a worker remains in continuous employment with the same employer in a year, the worker shall be entitled at the end of that year to a bonus equivalent to one-twelfth of his earnings for that year.

(2) Every worker who –

(a) takes employment during the course of a year;

(b) is still in employment as at 31 December in that year; and

(c) has performed a number of normal days’ work with that employer, equivalent to not less than 80 per cent of the number of working days, during his employment in that year,

shall be entitled at the end of that year to a bonus equivalent to one-twelfth of his earnings for that year.

(3) A sum amounting to 75 per cent of the expected bonus specified in subsections (1) and (2) shall be paid to the worker not later than 5 clear working days before 25 December of that year, and the remaining balance shall be paid to him not later than on the last working day of the same year.

(4) For the purpose of this section, every day on which a worker –

(a) is absent with the employer’s authorisation;
(b) reports for work but is not offered work by the employer; or
(c) is absent on grounds of –
   (i) illness after notification to the employer under section 28(4)(a); or
   (ii) injury arising out of and in the course of his employment,

shall count as a working day.

15. **Part VII of principal Act amended**

Part VII of the principal Act is amended by deleting the words “Remuneration Regulations” wherever they appear and replacing them by the words “Sugar Industry Remuneration Regulations”.

16. **Section 36 of principal Act amended**

Section 36 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(1) Subject to subsections (3), (4) and (5) –

   (a) every determinate agreement of which the duration does not exceed 24 months; or
   (b) every agreement entered into under section 5(3A),

shall terminate on the last day of the period agreed upon by the employer and the worker.

(b) by repealing subsection (2);

(c) by repealing subsection (5) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(5) An agreement shall not be broken by a worker
where he absents himself from work for more than 2 consecutive working days without good and sufficient cause for a first time unless the employer proves that the worker has, after having been given written notice –

(a) by post with advice of delivery; or
(b) by delivery at the residence of the worker,

requiring him to resume his employment, failed to do so within a time specified in the notice which shall not be less than 24 hours from receipt of the notice.

17. **Section 37 of principal Act amended**

Section 37 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) in subsection (1) –

(i) by deleting the words “A party” and replacing them by the words “Subject to section 36(1), a party”;
(ii) by deleting the words “, other than an agreement for a specified piece of work or for a period of time,”;

(b) by repealing subsection (6) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(6) Subject to section 39B(2), where an employer terminates the employment of a worker, he shall, on the date of the termination of the employment, give written notice of that fact to the Permanent Secretary.

18. **Section 38 of principal Act amended**

Section 38 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) in subsection (1)(a), by inserting, after the word “colour,”, the word “caste,”;
(b) in subsection (2) –

(i) in paragraph (a)(iv), by deleting the words “5 working days’” and replacing them by the words “7 days’”;

(ii) in paragraph (b)(iii), by deleting the words “5 working days’” and replacing them by the words “7 days’”;

(c) in subsection (3)(c), by deleting the words “5 working days’” and replacing them by the words “7 days’”;

(ca) in subsection (4), in paragraph (a), by deleting the words “; or” and replacing them by the words “, or both; or”;

(d) by inserting, after subsection (4), the following new subsections –

(4A) The oral hearing referred to in subsection (4) shall be presided by a person who has not been involved in the investigation and who is able to make an independent decision.

(4B) The worker and the employer may, during the oral hearing specified in subsection (4), negotiate for the payment of compensation with a view to promoting a settlement.

(4C) Where a settlement is reached under subsection (4B) –

(a) the worker shall not be entitled to join the Workfare Programme; and

(b) the employer shall not be required to pay the recycling fee under section 47(1).

(e) by repealing subsection (6) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(6) (a) A notification of a charge, a notice to answer the charge and a notification of a termination of
agreement, under subsections (2) and (3), to a worker shall be issued by –

(i) causing the notification or notice to be handed over to the worker in person; or

(ii) sending the notification or notice by registered post to the usual or last known place of residence of the worker.

(b) Where a worker –

(i) refuses to accept delivery of the notification or notice; or

(ii) fails to take delivery of the notification or notice after being notified that it awaits him at a specified post office,

the notification or notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on the worker on the day he refuses to accept delivery thereof or is notified that it awaits him at the specified post office.

(f) by adding the following new subsections –

(7) Where an employer suspends a worker pending the outcome of disciplinary proceedings against the worker on account of the worker’s misconduct or poor performance –

(a) any period of such suspension shall be on full pay;

(b) any extension to the delay provided for under subsection (2)(a)(iv), (2)(b)(iii) or (3)(c) made by or on behalf of the worker, shall be on full pay for a period not
exceeding 10 days, where the worker is found not guilty of the charge made against him.

(8) No employer shall suspend a worker unless he has informed the worker of the reasons for his suspension.

(9) Any suspension without pay as disciplinary action following a hearing shall not exceed 4 working days.

19. New Part VIIIA inserted in principal Act

The principal Act is amended by inserting, after Part VIII, the following new Part –

PART VIIIA – REDUCTION OF WORKFORCE AND CLOSING DOWN OF ENTERPRISE

39A. Employment Promotion and Protection Division

(1) There shall be for the purposes of this Act a division of the Tribunal which shall be known as the Employment Promotion and Protection Division.

(2) The Employment Promotion and Protection Division shall –

(a) be presided by the President or Vice-President of the Tribunal; and

(b) consist of 2 independent members appointed under section 85(2)(c) of the Employment Relations Act with proven experience in the field of employment relations and finance, respectively.

(3) The Employment Promotion and Protection Division shall deal with all cases referred to the Tribunal under this Part, other than section 39B(11).
39B. Reduction of workforce

(1) In this section, “employer” means an employer of not less than 20 workers.

(2) An employer who intends to reduce the number of workers in his employment either temporarily or permanently or close down his enterprise shall give written notice of his intention to the Permanent Secretary, together with a statement of the reasons for the reduction of workforce or closing down, at least 30 days before the reduction or closing down, as the case may be.

(3) Notwithstanding this section, an employer shall not reduce the number of workers in his employment, either temporarily or permanently, or close down his enterprise unless he has –

(a) in consultation with the trade union recognised under section 38 of the Employment Relations Act, explored the possibility of avoiding the reduction of workforce or closing down by means of –

(i) restrictions on recruitment;
(ii) retirement of workers who are beyond the retirement age;
(iii) reduction in overtime;
(iv) shorter working hours to cover temporary fluctuations in manpower needs; or
(v) providing training for other work within the same enterprise;

(b) where redundancy has become inevitable –

(i) established the list of workers who are to be made redundant and the order of discharge on the basis of the principle of last in first out; and
(ii) given the written notice required under subsection (2).

(4) Where an employer reduces his workforce or closes down his enterprise, the employer and the worker may agree on the payment of compensation by way of a settlement.

(5) (a) Where there has not been any settlement for payment of compensation, a worker, as defined in section 40, may –

(i) join the Workfare Programme in accordance with Part IX; or

(ii) register a complaint with the Permanent Secretary.

(b) (i) A worker shall register his complaint with the Permanent Secretary within 14 days of the termination of his employment.

(ii) The Permanent Secretary may, on reasonable cause shown, extend the time limit specified in subparagraph (i).

(c) The Permanent Secretary shall enquire into the complaint with a view to promoting a settlement between the parties.

(6) Where no settlement is reached under subsection (5), the Permanent Secretary –

(a) shall, subject to subsection (7)(a), refer the matter to the Tribunal, if he is of the opinion that the worker has a bona fide case and thereupon the worker as defined in section 40 shall be entitled to join the Workfare Programme;

(b) may, subject to subsection (7)(b), not refer the matter to the Tribunal, if he is of the opinion that the worker does not have a bona fide case and shall advise the worker as defined in section 40 that he may apply for admission to the Workfare Programme.
(7) (a) Where a worker referred to in subsection (6)(a) institutes proceedings before the Court to claim severance allowance under section 46(5), the Permanent Secretary shall not refer his case to the Tribunal but the worker shall be entitled to be admitted to the Workfare Programme if he is a worker as defined in section 40.

(b) Where a worker referred to in subsection (6)(b) institutes proceedings on his own before the Court and the Court gives judgment in favour of the worker under section 46(5), that worker shall, as from the date of judgment, be eligible to be admitted to the Workfare Programme, if he is a worker as defined in section 40.

(8) (a) Where a matter is referred to the Tribunal by the Permanent Secretary, the Tribunal shall proceed to hear the case and give its award within 30 days of the date of the referral.

(b) The Tribunal may, in exceptional circumstances, extend the delay specified in paragraph (a) for another period of 30 days.

(9) Where the Tribunal finds that the reduction of workforce is unjustified, it may, with the consent of the worker, order that that worker –

(a) be reinstated in his former employment with payment of remuneration from the date of the termination of his employment to the date of his reinstatement; or

(b) be paid severance allowance in accordance with section 46(5).

(10) Where the Tribunal finds that the closing down is unjustified, it may order the employer to pay to the worker severance allowance in accordance with section 46(5).
(11) Where an employer reduces the number of workers in his employment either temporarily or permanently, or closes down his enterprise, in breach of subsections (2) and (3), he shall, unless reasonable cause is shown, pay to the worker whose employment is terminated a sum equal to 30 days’ remuneration in lieu of notice together with severance allowance, wherever applicable, as specified in section 46(5).

(12) (a) Where a settlement is reached under subsection (4) or (5)(c) –

(i) the worker shall not be entitled to join the Workfare Programme under section 41; and

(ii) the employer shall not be required to pay the recycling fee under section 47(1).

(b) Where there has been no settlement under subsections (4) and (5) or reinstatement under subsection (9), the employer shall pay the recycling fee specified in section 47.

20. **Section 40 of principal Act amended**

Section 40 of the principal Act is amended, in the definition of “worker”, in paragraph (f), by deleting the words “6 months’” and replacing them by the words “180 days’”.

21. **Section 42 of principal Act amended**

Section 42 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(1) Subject to section 46 and subsection (3), a worker shall be entitled to join the Workfare Programme where –

(a) his agreement is terminated by an employer –

(i) for the reasons specified in section 36(3) and (4);
(ii) in contravention of section 38(1), (2) and (3);

(iii) for reason of –

(A) economic, technological, structural or similar nature affecting the enterprise;

(B) misconduct; or

(C) poor performance;

(iv) without any justification;

(b) he has been in the continuous employment of an employer for a period of not less than 180 days on a determinate agreement and the employer terminates the agreement, or the agreement comes to an end.

(b) in subsection (2) –

(i) in paragraph (a), by deleting the figure “7” and replacing it by the figure “14”;

(ii) in paragraph (b), by deleting the word “good” and replacing it by the word “reasonable”.

22. Section 43 of principal Act amended

Section 43 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) in subsections (2) and (3), by deleting the figure “7” and replacing it by the figure “14”;

(b) by inserting, after subsection (3), the following new subsections –

(3A) Where a worker becomes entitled to the payment of a Transition Unemployment Benefit under section 46(3)(a)(ii), he shall register himself with the Permanent
Secretary within 14 days of the date on which he is informed that the Permanent Secretary has entered proceedings on his behalf before the Court.

(3B) Within 14 days of a registration under subsection (3A), the Permanent Secretary shall notify the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry responsible for the subject of social security of the registration in the form specified in the Fourteenth Schedule.

(c) in subsection (4), by deleting the words “subsection (3)” and replacing them by the words “subsections (3) and (3B)”;

(d) in subsection (5), by deleting the words “good” and “subsection (2)” and replacing them by the words “reasonable” and “subsections (2) and (3A)”, respectively.

23. **Section 44 of principal Act amended**

Section 44 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (3), by inserting, after the words “Transition Unemployment Benefit”, the words “or the training or re-skilling stipend paid under subsection (1A)(b)”.

24. **Section 45 of principal Act amended**

Section 45 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (3), by inserting, after paragraph (a), the following new paragraph –

(aa) all expenses incurred for any training, re-skilling or multi-skilling of laid-off workers which is organised by the Permanent Secretary;

25. **Section 46 of principal Act amended**

Section 46 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(1) Subject to subsection (1A), an employer shall pay severance allowance to a worker as specified in subsection (5)
where the worker has been in continuous employment with the employer –

(a) for a period of not less than 12 months on a contract of indeterminate duration and that employer terminates his agreement; or

(b) for a period of more than 24 months under one or more determinate agreements in respect of a position of a permanent nature and that employer terminates the agreement of the worker other than a migrant worker.

(b) by inserting, after subsection (1), the following new subsection –

(1A) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, no severance allowance shall be payable where –

(a) a worker and an employer enter into an agreement under section 5(3A) and the agreement comes to an end;

(b) a worker and an employer enter into one or more determinate agreements for a total period of less than 24 continuous months in respect of a position of a permanent nature and the agreement comes to an end; or

(c) a worker, whose basic wage or salary is at a rate in excess of 360,000 rupees per annum, and an employer enter into a determinate agreement and that agreement comes to an end.

(c) by repealing subsection (2) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(2) (a) Subject to section 42(3) or 43(1), where a worker claims severance allowance under subsection (1), he
shall register himself with the Permanent Secretary within 14 days of the termination of his employment or the expiry of his contract, as the case may be, and the Permanent Secretary shall enquire into the matter with a view to promoting a settlement.

(b) The Permanent Secretary may, on reasonable cause shown, extend the time limit referred to in paragraph (a).

(d) in subsection (3), by repealing paragraph (a) and replacing it by the following paragraph –

(a) may enter proceedings before the Court if he is of the opinion that the worker as defined in section 40 has a *bona fide* case and thereupon –

(i) if that worker is still unemployed, he shall be entitled to be admitted to the Workfare Programme; or

(ii) if that worker becomes gainfully employed, he shall be entitled to be paid an allowance equivalent to the Transition Unemployment Benefit, as specified in section 44, from the date of the termination of his employment up to the date he has taken up employment.

(e) by inserting, after subsection (3), the following new subsections –

(3A) Where a worker is entitled to be admitted to the Workfare Programme under subsection (3)(a)(i) or to be paid an allowance under subsection (3)(a)(ii), he shall register himself with the Permanent Secretary within 14 days of the date on which he is notified by the Permanent Secretary that Court proceedings have been entered on his behalf.
(3B) Where a worker, who claims severance allowance under subsection (1), registers himself with the Permanent Secretary after 14 days of the termination of his employment, the Permanent Secretary may enter proceedings before the Court if he is of the opinion that the worker has a _bona fide_ case, but the worker shall not be entitled to be admitted to the Workfare Programme.

(f) in subsection (5)(b), by deleting the words “section 38(1), (2), (3) and (4)” and replacing them by the words “section 38(2), (3) and (4)”;

(g) by inserting, after subsection (5), the following new subsections –

(5A) Where a matter has been referred to the Tribunal under section 39B, the Court shall have no jurisdiction to hear the matter.

(5B) Notwithstanding subsection (5), where the Court finds that the termination of employment of a worker, who has been in continuous employment for a period of not less than 12 months with an employer, is effected on grounds specified in sections 38(1)(a) and (d), the Court may, with the consent of the worker, order that that worker –

(a) be reinstated in his former employment with payment of remuneration from the date of the termination of his employment to the date of his reinstatement; or

(b) be paid severance allowance in accordance with subsection (5).

(h) in subsection (6), by deleting the words “as from the date of judgment” and replacing them by the words “within 14 days as from the date of judgment”;

(i) by repealing subsections (7), (8) and (10);
(j) by repealing subsection (12) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(12) For the purposes of this section, a month’s remuneration shall be –

(a) the remuneration drawn by the worker for the last complete month of his employment; or

(b) an amount computed in the manner as is best calculated to give the rate per month at which the worker was remunerated over a period of 12 months before the termination of his agreement inclusive of payment for extra work, productivity bonus, attendance bonus, commission in return for services and any other regular payment, whichever is the higher.

26. **Section 47 of principal Act amended**

Section 47 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1)(a) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(1) (a) Subject to subsections (2) and (2A), where –

(i) an employer terminates the agreement of a worker as defined in section 40; or

(ii) the determinate agreement of a worker as defined in section 40 comes to an end,

the employer shall, not later than 30 days from the date of termination of employment or expiry of the determinate agreement, pay to the National Pensions Fund for credit to the
National Savings Fund a recycling fee according to the rates specified in the Eighth Schedule in respect of that worker.

(b) by inserting, after subsection (2), the following new subsection –

   (2A) No recycling fee shall be payable where the employment of a worker is terminated in accordance with section 38(2) except where the Court finds that the dismissal is unjustified.

27. **Section 49 of principal Act amended**

   Section 49 of the principal Act is amended –

   (a) by inserting, after subsection (1), the following new subsections –

   (1A) (a) Where a worker who has attained the age of 60 remains in continuous employment with the same employer up to the retirement age, the worker and the employer may agree on an advance payment of the total gratuity payable at the retirement age, amounting to the gratuity payable at the age of 60 calculated in accordance with subsection (2).

   (b) Advance payment of the gratuity, where agreed upon under paragraph (a), shall be effected upon the worker attaining the age of 60.

   (1B) Notwithstanding any agreement or any provision to the contrary in any other enactment, an employer shall not require a worker to retire before the retirement age.

   (b) in subsection (3), by inserting, after the words “subsection (2)”, the words “and section 49A”;

   (c) in subsection (3)(a), (b), (c) and (d), by inserting, after the words “or the age of 60”, the words “or at death”;
(d) by repealing subsection (5) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(5) For the purposes of this section –

(a) a day’s remuneration shall be –

(i) the remuneration drawn by the worker in respect of his last normal working day other than a public holiday; or

(ii) an amount computed in the manner as is best calculated to give the daily rate at which the worker was remunerated over a period of 12 months prior to the termination of his agreement, inclusive of payment for extra work, productivity bonus, attendance bonus, commission in return for services and any other regular payment, whichever is the higher; and

(b) in order to determine a day’s remuneration –

(i) a month shall be deemed to consist of 26 days;

(ii) a fortnight shall be deemed to consist of 12 days; and

(iii) a week shall be deemed to consist of 6 days.

(e) by adding the following subsection –

(6) Where a claim for gratuity on retirement has been made, the Court may, where it thinks fit and whether or not a claim to that effect has been made, order an employer to pay
interest at a rate not exceeding 12 per cent per annum on the amount of gratuity payable from the date of retirement to the date of payment.

28. **New section 49A inserted in principal Act**

The principal Act is amended by inserting, after section 49, the following new section –

**49A. Gratuity at death**

(1) Where a worker who has been in continuous employment with the same employer for a period of not less than 12 months dies, that employer shall pay a gratuity –

(a) to the spouse of the deceased worker; or

(b) where there is no surviving spouse, to the dependants of the deceased worker in equal proportion,

irrespective of any benefits the spouse or dependants may be entitled to under the National Pensions Act or any other enactment.

(2) Subject to section 49(3), (4) and (5), the gratuity referred in subsection (1) shall be calculated in accordance with section 49(2).

(3) In this section –

“dependant”, in relation to a deceased worker, means any person who was living in the worker’s household and was wholly or partly dependent on the earnings of the worker at the time of that worker’s death;

“spouse”, in relation to a worker, means the person with whom the worker has contracted a civil or religious marriage and with whom the worker was living under a common roof at the time of that worker’s death.
29. **Section 51 of principal Act amended**

   Section 51 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (1), by inserting, after the word “terminated”, the words “or who has resigned from his employment”.

30. **Section 53 of principal Act amended**

   Section 53 of the principal Act is amended –
   
   (a) in subsection (1), by inserting, after the word “Notwithstanding”, the words “any provision to the contrary in”;
   
   (b) by repealing subsection (2) and replacing it by the following subsection –

     (2) The gratuity under subsection (1) shall not be payable where a worker qualifies for a gratuity under the End of the Year Gratuity Act.

31. **Section 54 of principal Act amended**

   Section 54 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (1)(d), by adding the word “to”.

31A. **Section 55 of principal Act repealed**

   The principal Act is amended by repealing section 55.

32. **Section 62 of principal Act amended**

   Section 62 of the principal Act is amended, in subsection (3)(a)(ii), by deleting the words “registered post to,” and replacing them by the words “by registered post to his registered office or”.

33. **New section 66A inserted in principal Act**

   The principal Act is amended by inserting, in Part XV, the following new section –

   **66A. Protection from liability**

   No liability, civil or criminal, shall lie against an officer in respect of any act done or omitted to be done in good faith in the execution of his functions under this Act.
34. **Section 67 of principal Act amended**

Section 67 of the principal Act is amended –

(a) by repealing subsection (1)(e) and replacing it by the following subsection –

(e) contravenes any provision of this Act or any subsidiary enactment made under this Act;

(b) in subsection (2), by deleting the words “10,000 rupees and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year” and replacing them by the words “25,000 rupees and to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years”;

(c) in subsection (3), by inserting, after the words “directing that person to comply with this Act”, the words “or any order made by that Court”;

(d) by adding the following new subsection –

(4) A person who fails to comply with an order made under subsection (3) shall commit an offence and shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding 10,000 rupees.

35. **Third Schedule to principal Act amended**

The Third Schedule to the principal Act is amended –

(a) in paragraph (a), by deleting the words “Rs 50.00” and replacing them by the words “Rs 70.00”;

(b) in paragraph (b), by deleting the words “[Section 30(1)(b)]” and “Rs 2,000” and replacing them by the words “[Section 30(1A)]” and “Rs 3,000”, respectively.

36. **Eighth Schedule to principal Act repealed and replaced**

The Eighth Schedule to the principal Act is repealed and replaced by the Eighth Schedule set out in the First Schedule to this Act.
37. **Fourteenth Schedule added to principal Act**

The principal Act is amended by adding the Fourteenth Schedule set out in the Second Schedule to this Act.

38. **Consequential amendments**

(1) A reference in any enactment to the repealed Labour Act or a section thereof shall be construed as a reference to the Employment Rights Act or the corresponding section thereof.

(2) The Industrial Court Act is amended, in the First Schedule, by inserting, in the appropriate alphabetical order, the following item –

| Employment Rights Act |

(3) The National Savings Fund Act is amended –

(a) in section 5C, in subsection (2), by deleting the words “section 43(3)” and replacing them by the words “section 43(3) and (3B)”;

(b) in section 8 –

(i) in paragraph (a), by deleting the word “and”;

(ii) by inserting, after paragraph (a), the following new paragraph –

(aa) the Minister in the administration of the Workfare Programme Fund; and

(c) by repealing section 17 and replacing it by the following section –

17. **Recovery of contribution or surcharge or recycling fee**

The Permanent Secretary may, without prejudice to any other remedy which the Minister may have, recover any unpaid contributions or surcharge or recycling fee in the same manner as income tax is recoverable under Part XI of the Income Tax Act.
39. **Savings and transitional provisions**

   (1) Where, before the commencement of this Act, a worker and an employer have entered into one or more determinate agreements for a total period of more than 24 months as specified in section 5(3) of the principal Act, the agreement shall, at the commencement of this Act, be deemed to be an indeterminate agreement with effect from the date the first agreement was entered into.

   (2) Where this Act does not make provision for any saving or transition, the Minister may make such regulations as may be necessary for such saving or transition.

40. **Commencement**

   (1) (a) Subject to paragraph (b) and subsection (2), this Act shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by Proclamation.

   (b) Different dates may be fixed for the coming into operation of different sections of this Act.

   (2) Section 27(d) shall be deemed to have come into operation on 2 February 2009.

   Passed by the National Assembly on the ninth day of April two thousand and thirteen.

Ram Ranjit Dowlutta  
*Clerk of the National Assembly*
FIRST SCHEDULE
[Section 36]

EIGHTH SCHEDULE
[Section 47(1)(a)]

PAYMENT OF RECYCLING FEE

Between 12 months and up to 120 months of continuous employment 6 days’ basic wage or salary for every 12 months of continuous employment

Above 120 months up to 240 months of continuous employment 10 days’ basic wage or salary for every 12 months of continuous employment

More than 240 months of continuous employment 15 days’ basic wage or salary for every 12 months of continuous employment
SECOND SCHEDULE
[Section 37]

FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE
[Section 43(3B)]

NOTIFICATION OF REGISTRATION UNDER SECTION 43(3B)
OF THE EMPLOYMENT RIGHTS ACT

1. Particulars of employer
   (a) Name ........................................................................................................
   (b) Phone number ..........................................................................................
   (c) National Pensions registration number ..............................................
   (d) Address ...................................................................................................

2. Particulars of worker
   (a) Name ........................................................................................................
   (b) National Identity Card Number ............................................................
   (c) Phone number ........................................................................................
   (d) Address ...................................................................................................
   (e) Occupation ............................................................................................
   (f) Basic wage .........................................../month/fortnight/week
       (delete whichever not applicable)
   (g) Date worker became gainfully employed.................................
3. Details of employment

(a) Date joined service ...................................................

(b) Date of termination of employment ..........................

(c) Reason for termination of employment ....................

(d) Amount payable as recycling fee ..............................

I certify that the abovenamed worker is registered in the Workfare Programme and is entitled to the Transition Unemployment Benefit for period .................... to ....................

.................................................. ............................................................
Date Permanent Secretary
Ministry of Labour, Industrial Relations
and Employment

__________________________